

## Osceola Senior Softball League (OSSL)

### PLAYING RULES (2021)

Basic USA Rules Govern with some OSSL Rule Exceptions

#### THE PLAYERS

##### A. Age Qualifications

1. December 31 is the official cut-off date. Any member whose birthday occurs on or before December 31 of that current year is eligible to play.

##### B. Player Identification

1. A Player shall show proof of identity when requested to do so by a board member of the OSSL.

2. A Player is ineligible until he shows his a picture ID to board member.

##### C. Player Eligibility

1. A Player shall play for only one team during league play.

##### D. Alternate Player

1) An alternate player are those players that were not placed on a team for one reason or another;

2) Must sign up as an alternate player and pay a previously established fee;

3) Must be willing to play for any team that would have to forfeit if they don't have at least 9 players;

4) Must be present at the fields during game times and can only play if a team is short of a player where they would have to forfeit so the starting time will not be extended past 9:15am.

5) The alternate can only be one ranking higher or any ranking level lower than the player he is an alternate for (example: player missing is ranked 5, alternate must be ranked 4,5,6 7, etc.);

6) A manager that knows prior to a game day that he will need an alternate, must notify the manager of the opposing team and then may contact an alternate to play on that day.

7) Only one alternate can play on a team and it's on a first come first serve basis. If a team has 7 players or less, then that team must forfeit unless there are extenuating circumstances and prior approval for modification has been obtained from the Board of Directors.

**A warning to managers. If a manager is found to purposely manipulate or misuse an alternate player, he will be suspended as determined by the Board of Directors.**

## E. Uniforms

1. All Players on a team shall properly wear uniforms that are alike in base color, trim and style. If a shirt is required to be changed, because of the blood rules, there will be no penalty. The a board member will make the proper decision regarding the shirts.
2. Pitchers are not permitted to wear any item on the pitching hand, wrist or thigh that could be distracting to a batter.
3. Players may wear colored undergarments beneath their uniform shirts or shorts.
4. Numbers must be worn on all uniforms. Numbers on the back must be a minimum of 6" tall. No Players on the same team may wear the same number.
5. Ball caps or visors must be properly worn. A protective helmet is allowed.
6. Casts, prothesis and metal braces may be worn, but must be covered by a soft material and must be taped.

## THE GAME

### A. Time Limit

1. A time limit of 60 minutes shall be allotted in regular game play. If a team has less than 9 players at 9 am, a 15 minute grace period will be allowed and the time limit will begin at 9:15
  - a. When the 60 minutes expires, the teams shall finish that inning and one more complete inning, if necessary.
  - b. In the event the score is tied after regulation play, the Player who was the last batter to complete his time at bat will be placed on second base to start each additional inning.
  - c. After touching the base, the Courtesy Runner Rule may be used.
2. The clock is to be stopped in the event of an injury requiring medical attention.
3. The clock is to be started when all Players are on the field and the umpire calls "Play Ball".

### B. Courtesy Runners

1. Unlimited courtesy runners are allowed at any time and may be anyone on the roster.
2. A courtesy runner from home plate is permitted with prior approval by the Board of Directors. If a team intends to use a courtesy runner from home plate, prior to the game, the team manager must inform the opposing team's manager and umpire of the player's name. If a courtesy runner from home plate is needed because of an injury during the game, the manager of that team must inform the umpire and opposing team manager.

3. A courtesy runner may enter the game once the base is touched by the batter and a timeout is called.
4. A Player can be a courtesy runner only once an inning
5. A runner may not replace a courtesy runner unless there is an injury
  - a. The injured Player must be removed from the line-up and cannot return to the game
6. Any Player replaced by a courtesy runner may not become a courtesy runner in the same inning.
7. Penalty for use of an ineligible courtesy runner shall be removal of the runner from the base and an out is recorded against the base runner for which the courtesy runner is used.
8. If a Player is on base as a courtesy runner when it is his time to bat, he shall be declared out.
  - a. If this is the first or second out of the inning, the Player will bat in his regular spot
  - b. If this is the third out of the inning, the Player will be the first batter in the next inning

#### C. Offense

1. An offensive team may designate up to 13 Players in the batting order.
2. The offensive team shall have a minimum of 9 Players present to start and finish a game.

#### D. Defense

1. A defensive team shall designate 9 Players present to take the field and may play as many as 11 Players.
2. Defensive Players may play anywhere on the playing field in fair territory. A maximum of 7 players, including pitcher and catcher, are permitted to play in the infield and 5 players in the outfield with no more than 11 players.

#### E. Injuries

1. In the event of an injury and the Player is removed from the game and is unable to take his time at bat.
  - a. An out will be recorded the first time the injured Player comes up to bat.
  - b. After that, the line-up will compress and there will be no more outs in that spot.
  - c. Also, that injured Player is not allowed to play again in that game.

## F. Balls and Strikes

1. There shall be 4 balls and 3 strikes.
2. In a regular game, each batter starts with a 1 and 1 count.
3. On the first foul ball after reaching a 2 strike count, the batter is out and the ball is declared dead. EXCEPTION: If the foul ball is caught for the first or second out, the ball remains live and the runners may run at their own risk.

## G. Pitcher's Plate

1. The pitcher's plate is located 50 feet from the rear point of home plate.
2. The pitcher must be in contact with the pitcher's plate at least momentarily before releasing the ball.
3. The pitcher must have one foot on the plate (rubber) when he releases the ball.

## H. Strike Zone/Plate Mat

1. A strike zone mat will be used
2. From the top of the plate, including the mat, the area shall measure 19" x 34 1/2".
3. The pitching arc shall be from 6' from the ground and 12' at its highest.
4. If the ball hits any part of the plate, it will be called a strike.

## I. Catcher's Box

1. The box measures 8'1" wide by 10' deep.
2. The catcher must remain within the lines of the box until the pitched ball is batted, touches the ground, mat or reaches the catcher's box.

## J. Commitment Line

1. The commitment line shall be marked in foul territory thirty feet from home plate and at a 90 degree angle to third base.
2. Once the runner passes the line, he may not go back to third base. If he does, he is out.
3. Once a runner touches or goes beyond the line, the defense can only get the out by touching home plate, with the ball in hand, before the runner touches the second plate or his foot is down across the scoring line.

4. At no time is the defender to touch the runner after he crosses the commitment line
  - a. If the runner is tagged after he crosses the commitment line, the runner is safe, the run scores and the ball remains live

#### K. Base Running

1. Base stealing is not permitted in OSSSL softball
2. A second home plate shall be placed adjacent to the left rear corner of the right handed batter's box in line with the first base eight feet from the back tip of home plate.
  - a. A runner is called out if he touches the original home plate and not the extra plate.
  - b. The runner is called out if he slides into the second plate.
  - c. If the runner is called out, the ball remains live

#### L. Safety Base

1. A safety base is mandatory for first base
2. The safety base shall be placed so that the white portion is where the first base normally would be and the colored base is located in foul territory next to the white base.
3. A batter/runner shall touch the colored base on the initial play, unless the throw forces the runner to run inside to avoid a collision. Then that play is up to the umpire to make the correct call
4. If there is a question of touching the wrong base intentionally or a bobbled ball, the appeal can be made to the umpires
5. If the ball is hit to the outfield either bag can be touched
6. If the ball is hit to the infield, the colored base must be touched unless there is a throw that takes the runner off line.
7. If a runner slides into the safety base, that runner is called out
8. A runner that does not discard his bat before reaching first base shall be called out.
9. If a runner walks, the ball is dead and he is not out if he carries the bat to first

#### M. Mercy/Run Rule

1. 14 runs after 5 innings.

## N. Ejections

1. Players ejected by an umpire or board member shall sit out a minimum of that game and one more, and may be suspended pending board action.
2. All ejections are subject to board review and possible further action.

## O. Appeal of Rules

1. Procedure: Any manager of the two teams playing may ask the home plate umpire for time out. Once granted, either umpire may be asked to clarify the rule in question. If the answer is not clear, the manager may ask the umpires to get together and discuss the rule or question.
2. Umpire Judgement: Decisions may not be appealed on calls involving
  - a. Balls and Strikes
  - b. Safe or Out
  - c. Fair or Foul ball
  - d. EXCEPTION: In the event of a possible pulled foot, bobbled ball or missed base, a manager may ask the umpires to convene and discuss the play.
  - e. The decision, after they convene, is final

## P. Protests

1. All disputes during league play must be resolved at the point of the protest.
2. The clock is stopped at that time
3. A board member will be called to hear the disagreement if it deals with “playing rules” or “personnel rules.”
4. The home plate umpire will make a final decision.
5. After that is completed, the clock will be restarted again.
6. All decisions are subject to review by the OSSL Board of Directors.

## Q. Home Runs

1. A home run over the fence, allows the hitter to “hit and sit”

## R. Game Balls

1. All league balls must be approved by the Board of Directors

## S. Game Bats

1. All bats must be approved by the Board of Directors
2. Bats may not be altered in any way from the manufacturer's design
3. A safety grip on the end of the bat, or tape is legal
4. Bats that are worn, but still retain the legal markings, are legal
5. Cracked or damaged bats and bats that cannot be identified (make-model) are illegal.
6. Once a bat is removed from play, by an umpire or board member, it cannot be brought back into play
7. The Player that uses an illegal bat will be treated with the same penalty as if using an altered bat.

## T. Runs per Inning

1. The OSSSL will use a limit of 6 runs per team, per inning with the last inning being declared "open" with no maximum run limit.

## U. Pitching Screen

1. The pitching screen must be placed in front of the pitching plate no more than 4' in front of the plate and must cover a minimum of one half of the pitching plate
2. Once the screen is in place, it may not be moved in that half inning unless a new pitcher comes in or the screen is moved by a batted ball.
3. The pitcher may release the ball from either side of the screen, but must have at least one foot in contact with the plate itself.
4. Before releasing the ball, and in contact with the plate, the pitcher must pause at least one second before he may release the ball or it is an illegal pitch.
5. If the batter hits the screen with a batted ball, it is a strike and runners, if any, return to their bases.
6. If there are 2 strikes on the batter and he hits the screen with a batted ball, he is out and the runners return to their bases.

7. After the pitcher releases the ball he must immediately move behind the screen.
  - a. He may field the ball as soon as the ball is hit.
  - b. If the umpire rules that the pitcher did not get behind the screen, the pitcher will receive a warning.
  - c. If it happens a second time, the pitcher is removed as pitcher and cannot return in that position for the remainder of the game. He may play any other position
8. If a ball is released by the pitcher and he is ruled not behind the screen and the batted ball is touched/caught by the pitcher, the umpire will rule the play dead, the batter will be awarded first base and any forced runners will move up one base.
9. Any live ball thrown from any fielder that hits either side of the screen will remain in play

## V. Interference

1. When a batter runner is called out for an illegal slide/interference at second base, or any other base, that person is out and the person closest to home is also out
  - a. (Example) If the bases are loaded and there is an illegal slide/interference at second base, the batter runner is out at second and the runner going to the plate is also out.
  - b. (Example) If there are runners at first and second and the batter runner is called out at second for illegal slide/interference, the runner going to third is also out because he is the closest to the plate. Any other runner goes back to the base they were at prior to the pitch.
2. This rule is to penalize, to the hilt, anyone who commits an illegal slide/interference at any base. It is a safety issue.

## ALTERED BAT PROCEDURE

- A. Board members and /or umpires can confiscate any bat believed to be altered.
  1. The bat may be sent to the manufacturer for testing, or be tested by a Board member using a bat-testing device
  2. If deemed to be altered, the user will immediately be suspended for five years
  3. If not, it will be returned to the Player
  4. If found to be altered at the site, the penalty could begin immediately
  5. If a bat is confiscated, the game shall resume at that point
  6. The accused player must voluntarily allow the bat for inspection by the OSSL



7. If he refuses, he will be immediately suspended until the next Board Meeting where a final decision will be made
8. If the bat is sent for testing, the Board of Directors will remove the tape and write down the ID number and give that to the player as a receipt
9. If necessary, the OSSL will send the bat to the manufacturer for testing
10. If the bat is not considered to be altered at the manufacturer, the player will receive a new bat purchased by the OSSL just like the one that was tested

#### ALTERED BAT POLICY

1. The same penalties mentioned above will prevail, if necessary
2. The OSSL reserves the right to confiscate any equipment deemed questionable for legal play.
3. Anytime a bat is tested on site and the bat fails the onsite test, the Player is to be removed for the remainder of the game
4. Additional penalties will be determined by the OSSL
5. Any Player knowingly using an altered bat in a OSSL game is subject to the following
  - a. If the Player refuses to hand over the bat, he will be immediately ejected from that game. He could receive a penalty from a suspension to a lifetime suspension from OSSL play
  - b. It is up to the Board to determine whether the bat will be sent to the manufacturer or to be checked on site
  - c. If the bat is sent, the player will be allowed to play until the test process is completed.
  - d. Even if a bat is found to be altered, the results of the game will stand
  - e. If the bat is found to be altered, the Player will be suspended for five years from participation in OSSL activities

\*\*\*\*The OSSL Board of Directors reserves the right to add, delete, or modify the Playing Rules, or league rules, to make our game safer and better for our members.